Atlantic Hurricane Season Outlooks

NORMAL TO ABOVE-NORMAL ACTIVITY

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2023 Hurricane Season Forecasts – normal to above-normal activity

160

Major Hurricanes (MH) (3)

Accumulated Cyclone

Energy (ACE) (123)

Forecast Parameter (1991-2020 average in parentheses)	CSU 3 August 2023	Tropical Storm Risk 8 August 2023	UK Met Office (70% confidence range) 1 August 2023	NOAA CPC (70% confidence range) 10 August 2023	CIMH (70% confidence range) 10 August 2023 ** 15 May 2023
Named Storms (NS) (14)	18	18	14 – 24	14 – 21	21 (17-24)**
Hurricanes (H) (7)	9	8	6 – 12	6 – 11	7 (3-10)**

140

3 - 9

120 - 310

2-5

105 - 200

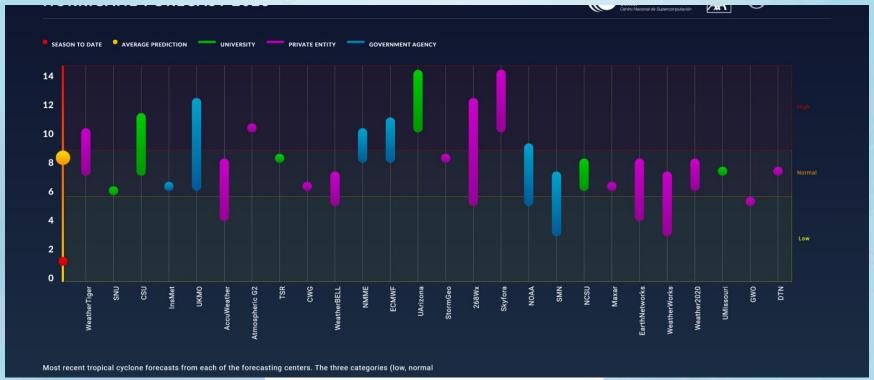
4 (1-6)**

120

Comparing 2023 CSU Atlantic Hurricane Season outlook to the hyperactive 2020 and 2017 seasons

Forecast Parameter and 1991–2020 Average (in parentheses)	Issue Date 3 August 2023	2020 Obs.	2017 Obs.
Named Storms (NS) (14.4)	18*	30	17
Named Storm Days (NSD) (69.4)	90	118	91.25
Hurricanes (H) (7.2)	9	13	10
Hurricane Days (HD) (27.0)	35	34.75	51.25
Major Hurricanes (MH) (3.2)	4	6	6
Major Hurricane Days (MHD) (7.4)	9	8.75	19.25
Accumulated Cyclone Energy (ACE) (123)	160	180	226

Overview of forecasted number of Atlantic Hurricanes in 2023 (as of 10 August 2023)



Caribbean Landfall probabilities

CSU:

- ▶ 53% probability for at least one major hurricane (Cat 3, 4 or 5), tracking into the Caribbean (10-20°N, 60-88°W).
 1880-2000 average probability for major hurricanes is 47%.
- ► For country-by-country forecasted probabilities of named storms and hurricanes passing within 50 miles of the location, see https://tropical.colostate.edu/resources.html.

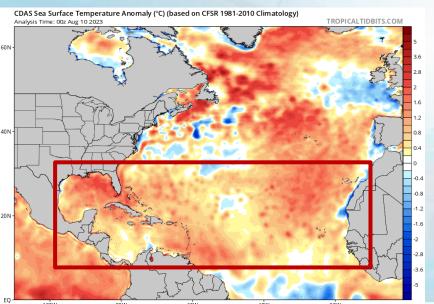
TSR:

▶ Possibly 13 named storms, 6 hurricanes and 3 major hurricanes tracking through the Tropical North Atlantic, Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico.

Drivers of hurricane season activity in 2023

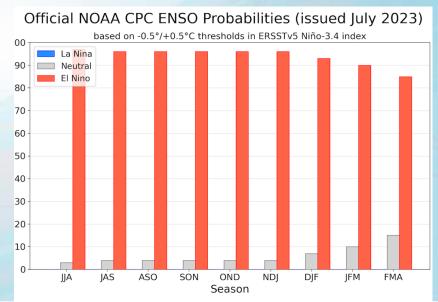
(Near-)record warm sea surface temperatures in the North Atlantic Ocean & the Caribbean expected through early 2024.

boosts hurricane season activity, and appears to be the dominant driver in 2023



In the Pacific, El Niño will very likely last through early 2024.

→ reduces hurricane season activity, but unlikely to be the strongest driver in 2023



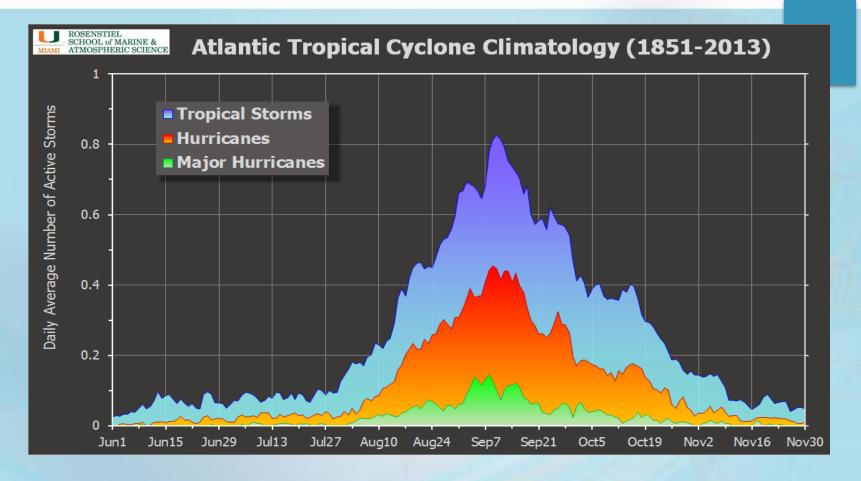


2023 Atlantic Tropical Cyclone Names

Arland Brot Cindy Don **Emily** Franklin Gert

Harold Idalia Jose Katia Lee **Margot** Nigel

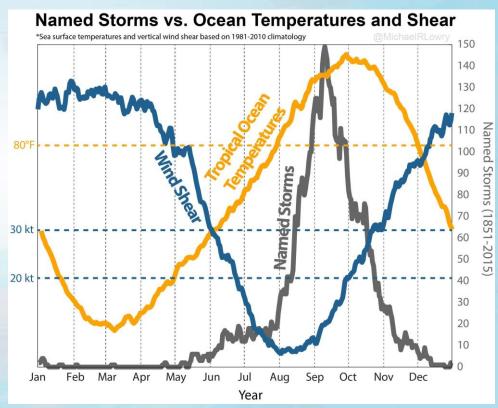
Ophelia Philippe Rina Sean **Tammy** Vince Whitney



Basin-wide TC activity historically peaks on 10 September

Could we make useful predictions of parts of the season?

- The **peak of the season** is from August to October
- → what will this period bring?
- → What could the first half (June to August) and second half (September to November) of the season look like?



Source: Michael Lowry/FEMA

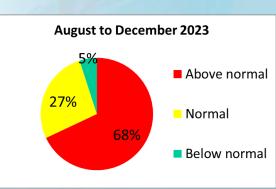
How good were the CIMH 2022 forecasts?

Period	Observed	Late May 2022		Early August 2021	
		Forecast	Range*	Forecast	Range*
Number of Named Storms					
2022 (entire season)	14	18	10-21	20	16-23
JunAug. (1st half)	3	7	3-10		
AugOct. (peak)	11	13	8-16		
SepNov. (2 nd half)	11	10	6-12		
AugDec.	11			17	13-20
Accumulated Cyclone Energy (ACE)					
2022 (entire season)	95.1	155	75-216		



2023 Atlantic Hurricane Season Activity CIMH forecasts

Period	1991-2020	Forecast	Range*	Confidence level	
Entire season					
Named storms	14	17	12-22	High	
Hurricanes	7	7	3-10	Medium	
Major Hurricanes	3.2	4	1-6	Medium	
ACE	123	120	41-179	High	
August 2023 forecasts for the Number of Named Storms					
Entire season	14	21	17-24	High	
Aug. to Dec. 2022	12	16	12-20	High	



^{*70%} confidence range, i.e. the observed number has a 70% chance of falling in this range

The new norm

'Average' Atlantic Hurricane Season * Effective 2021

1981-2010

12 Named Storms
6 Hurricanes
3 Major Hurricanes



1991-2020

14 Named Storms7 Hurricanes3 Major Hurricanes

* Numbers for an average season reflect the climate record for tropical storms and hurricanes and use the most recent 3 decades as the period of reference. More at: http://bit.ly/NOAAHurricaneSeasonAverages



IMPORTANT:

Number of major hurricanes up 14% from 2.8 to 3.2 /year

(and up by 60% compared to 1961-1990)

What changes to bear in mind?

- The WMO no longer uses the Greek alphabet as additional list of named storms in the Atlantic basin to avoid a few communication problems (see e.g.
- Instead, from last year (2021) onwards, the WMO uses a <u>Supplemental list of tropical cyclone names in RA IV</u> once the regular list is exhausted.
- Keep in mind that what determines an active season may have changed by using the new norms.
- NHC daily Tropical Weather Outlooks now starting 15 May.

NOTE

- Authorities and interests are advised to constantly monitor weather advisories issued by the National Meteorological Services.
- They should also constantly monitor other information provided by the Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency (http://cdema.org/) and the US National Hurricane Center (https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/).
- All persons and entities should abide by any official advisories issued by the National Meteorological Service in their country.

DISCLAIMER

- CIMH is providing special weather interpretation of the current and forecasted tropical weather affecting the Caribbean region.
- ► CIMH is not an official forecasting authority.