# CariCOF Drought Outlook By the end of April 2023

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Participating territories

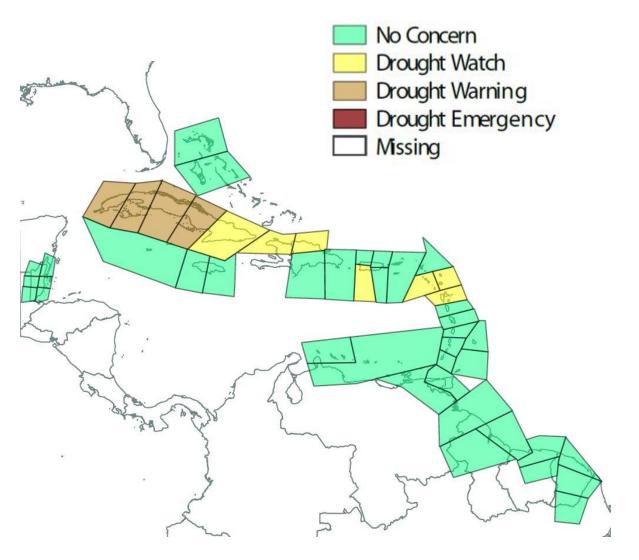
Antigua & Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Cayman Islands, Cuba, Curaçao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, French Guiana, Grenada, Guadeloupe, Guyana, Haïti, Jamaica, Martinique, Puerto Rico, St. Barts, St. Kitts & Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Maarten/St. Martin, St. Vincent & the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad & Tobago and the US Virgin Islands





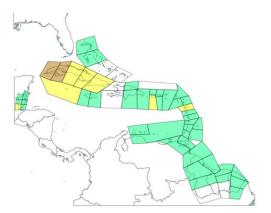


#### What is the predicted short term drought concern by the end of April 2023?



#### Current update (January 2023):

- We are now in the Caribbean dry season, but the secondary wet season in the coastal Guianas.
- A drought warning should be considered for Western Cuba.
- A **drought watch** should be considered for Antigua, Eastern Cuba, Guadeloupe, northern Hispaniola, southwest Puerto Rico, and St. Kitts.



Previous update (December): short term drought alert levels at the end of March 2023

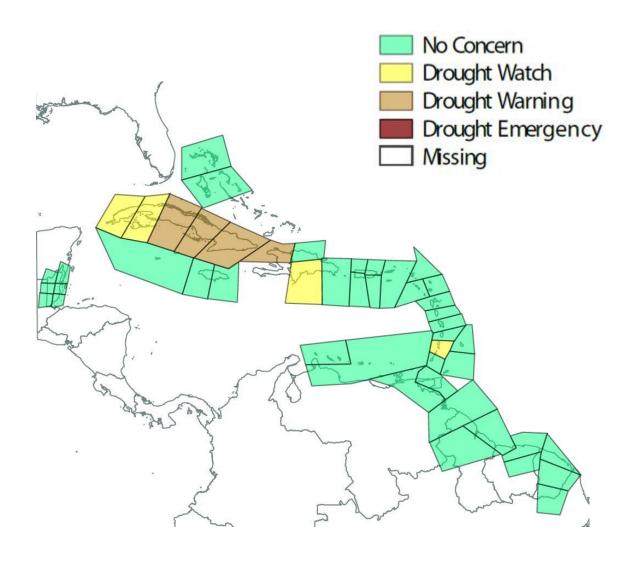
### Short term drought alert levels at the end of April 2023

(updated **January 2023** – based on a 6-month SPI for November to April 2022-'23)

For climate information specific to your country, please consult with your national meteorological service. CariCOF outlooks speak to recent and expected climate trends across the Caribbean in general.



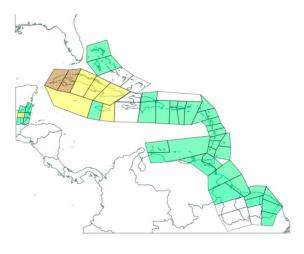
#### What is the predicted long term drought concern at the end of May 2023?



### Long term drought alert levels at the end of May 2023

(updated January 2023 – based on a 12-month SPI for June 2022 to May 2023)

- This 12-month SPI-based drought outlook uses observations through December 2022, with potential impacts on large surface water reservoirs and groundwater. In general, impacts are expected if the 12-month SPI is ≤-0.8 (moderately dry or worse – ref.: CDPMN).
- A **drought warning** should be considered for Central and Eastern Cuba.
- A **drought watch** should be considered for Western Cuba, Dominican Republic, and St. Vincent.



Previous update (December): long term drought alert levels at the end of May 2023



**For climate information specific to your country, please consult with your national meteorological service.** *CariCOF outlooks speak to recent and expected climate trends across the Caribbean in general.* 

#### Drought outlook – shorter-/longer-term concern?

- Current drought situation (up to the end of December 2022): (more information here)
  - Moderate (or worse) short term drought has developed in Cuba and eastern and southern Jamaica.
  - Moderate (or worse) long term drought has developed in Cuba, eastern and southern Jamaica, and northern Suriname.
- Short-term drought situation (by the end of March 2023):
  - Short term drought is evolving across Western Cuba.
  - Short term drought might possibly develop in Antigua, Eastern Cuba, Guadeloupe, northern Hispaniola, southwest Puerto Rico, and St. Kitts.
- Long-term drought situation (by the end of May 2023):
  - Long term drought is evolving across Central and Eastern Cuba.
  - Long term drought might possibly develop or continue in western Cuba, Dominican Republic, and St.
     Vincent.
  - Areas ending up in long term drought by the end of May are likely to experience lower than usual water levels in large reservoirs, large rivers and groundwater.

\* We advise all stakeholders to keep monitoring drought and look for our monthly updates.\*

## CONTINUE TO MONITOR & CONSERVE WATER !!





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